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The Realistic Approach of Criminological Theories to Reduce Social Evils: A Case Study of Pakistan with an International Perspective

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ARTICLE DETAILS	ABSTRACT
History: Received: July 23, 2022 Accepted: December 31, 2022	Evolutions of humankind and crime have almost similar besides the human efforts to ensure a peaceful social setup. Still, despite intensive efforts, the eradication of crimes from the communities of this world could not be made possible. The ancient history of legislation from the Stone Age till to date is also a shred of evidence that from the code of Hammurabi - Babylon times to Ten Commandments, from Megna Carta to the Universal declaration of human rights, frequent conventions and implications of public as well as international private law were the part of accomplishing the desired goals but in vain. Still, unfortunately, what could not achieve the desired results by having implications of the adopted approaches introduced and implicated as Classical, Neoclassical, and Positivist theories. Crimes enhance social vulnerability. This study will explore the reality of how criminals have become brawny as a threat to peace and security in the modern world and how they can overcome the situation with the practical implication of criminological theories. This study will also explore whether criminological approaches are sufficient or if any additional legislation or reformed practice is needed to attain the desired rehabilitative errands for sustainable development goals.
Keywords: Criminological Theories Implication of Criminal Laws Sustainable Development Goals Miscarriage of Justice & International Human Rights Social Disorders, Rule of Law.	
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1. Introduction

Wild crimes are not only the problem of some specific states, but all are facing the dilemma from the day of their establishment, and efforts of the State authorities on the national as well as international level to deal with the matter are also remained continued with the assistance of intellectuals of the time and making frequent legislations by associating with the different

criminological theories and approaches (Ahuja). However, the incorporation of these theories/approaches also remained unsuccessful in attaining the desired social errands, and the matter remained uncontrolled in such a way that the passage of time caused to enhance the strengthening and reformed techniques for the criminals.

When criminals of the modern era are taken under discussion, it is realized that the adverse utilization of modern scientific technologies has made the criminal faster and more active than the earlier criminals and underworld gangs and linkages/communications for the intimidation, instigation, abetment, and conspiracy have become more straightforward and safe (B.K. Applegate, 1997). Now an individual from a very backward area of a rural community can quickly become a member of an international criminal gang, and the international criminals are using these criminals, recruited from rural communities of the developing states, for the sake of their heavy errands in the cheapest reward. (Anwar, 2004)

For the better and speedy growth of the social setup and its establishment on the smooth edges of prosperity, different researchers have tried their best to explore the realities and implications of revised legislative measures for the desired outcomes regarding the Rehabilitation of societies by eradicating the crimes and criminals from the communities in a very technical manner. The study aims to examine gaps in the existing legislation. And the comparative analysis of the criminals in the past with the criminals of the modern digital era (Nelkan, 2009). This study will also explore the remedial measures to cope with criminals of the modern digital era and legislative efforts to prevent the adverse utilization of modern technologies. This phenomenon will also be effective in safeguarding the parameters for sustainable development and upholding the supremacy of the law to promote the rule of law for the eradication of crimes and promulgate peace and security. The rehabilitated atmosphere will last positive effects on surrounding societies and will also rehabilitate the international environment (al, 2017). This study will discuss the criminal activities of the present epoch and applications of the postulates of captioned theories with the illustrative association of numerous criminal cases from domestic and international communities the world by highlighting the remedial measures that may initiate the reduction of the crime ratio in society by promoting the rule of law for safeguard of international human rights (Zimmerman, 1991). This factor will be a strong helping hand in accomplishing the assignments regarding sustainable development goals for 2030.

Complete demolishing of the crimes and criminals from society is impossible, yet who could overcome their ratio and this control of balance up to minimum level will help rehabilitate a community. Pakistan is an Islamic state for the majority of Muslims lead their lives by implementing the teachings and preaching of Islam under the injunctions of the Quran and Sunnah (Ali S., 2015). The Constitution of this state was also framed based on these teachings as what affirmed who should not introduce such legislation in contradiction to Islamic rules (Ali S., 2015). All the divine religions, including Islam, have injunctions to demote crimes and criminals and order that criminals be punished according to their crimes (Anwar, 2004).

Crime prevention is not new terminology, but it has been under discussion to obtain fruitful results since the establishment of the history/evolution of humankind on earth. Over time, a gradual increase in crime ratio with modified and reformed modus Operandi demanded a compatible criminal justice system with practical efforts for its implementation to ensure the stoppage of the spread of crimes in societies and to overcome and eradicate the existing

crimes up to a minimum level (Herbert). It may rectify the demerits of the social settings by bulldozing the social disorder by upholding socio-economic and socio-political norms and strapping implications (Grand & Grabosky, 1997).

During the spell years 2020 - 2022, when the economy of the world was also badly suffering from economic constraints being an unnatural disaster by the spread of a pandemic virus named COVID-19, the crime ratio abnormally increased in anonymous settings in the world as the whole of the world facing a terrible and uncertainty due to captioned virus. These circumstances were a challenge for the developing and developed states of the world. After long lockdowns and suspension of international trade, the restoration of socio-economic conditions of the states is still prolonged to cover the gaps. It is a universal fact that Rehabilitation is a more prolonged process than instigation, as constriction at small takes sufficient time. Still, a few moments are enough for destruction at large (Richard R.E. Kania). Now societies have been destroyed and uncontrolled due to solid and organized criminal groups. Rehabilitation is not a job of a few moments, but a sufficient period with practical implications of reformed and effective policies and robust legislation would be required to accomplish the assignment for the desired outcomes (Goldstone, 1999). The condition of six model nations during the year 2021 concerning crimes can be over-viewed from the below-extracted chart, and what can see that even developed states are suffering from this dilemma up to a dreadful level, and social reformation with the association of reformed legislation is how much slower and time is taken there (Dicey).

SIX MODEL NATIONS					
CRIME RATE PER 100000					
DURING THE YEAR 2021					
ENGLAND	FRANCE	GERMANY	CHINA	JAPAN	SAUDI ARABIA
9928	6932	7893	163	2210	157

According to Transparency International 2014, crime prevention was not neglected at any time, but it remained a hot issue in the criminological area, especially in western societies. Scholarly knowledge about crime and crime prevention in the Chinese context, however, is minimal. Such expertise in Macao, a particular administrative region of China, is even less. (International T., 2014)

2. Literature Review

This study adds to the growing literature by examining the implication of methods by which the crime ratio in society can be decreased and maintained up to a minimum level for better Rehabilitation of the community. (Allen)

Consequent to the deep analysis of the domestic criminal justice system and crimes in the native society of Pakistan with the international perspective as well, due circumstances of Pakistani society and the situations noticed around the world depict the rapid increase in the crime ratio (B.K. Applegate, 1997). No one is considered a secure one, and human life has been degraded for personal interests and the promotion of criminal conspiracies. Criminals or groups of criminals established domestically or internationally may be divided into different groups, and these classifications are based on crimes committed. (Brantingham, 2005)

Some criminals or groups of criminals commit crimes in society for the sake of money to avert social disorder and to make their lives luxurious with a shortcut method. These are generally considered shortcuts to earning a considerable amount of money in a significantly less period. Certain people or groups of individuals commit crimes for protection and to uphold their honors, some want a Thrill in their lives, and some are converted by the atmosphere. The phenomenon is being covered under bio-criminology. (Grand & Grabosky, 1997)

This study will explore the issue to accomplish this assignment concerning socio-legal context to examine the practical implication (realistic approach) of criminological theories on Pakistani society and their role in the reduction of social evils to bulldoze criminals from the community to establish an ideal organization by examining the social behavior with an international perspective. For authenticity and accuracy of the research work, several baseline criminal cases from the society of Pakistan are taken under consideration to examine the implication of criminological theories and their applicability in the disposal of the issue. psychoanalysis of sample cases regarding criminal approaches for testing the compatibility and accurate applications of one or more theories may be declared the best fit for the Pakistani society of the present era from an international perspective. (Zimmerman, 1991)

- ❖ Missing of a minor girl in the year 2013.
- ❖ Murderers of about twelve women kidnapped, raped, and then killed the women.
- ❖ In a narcotics smuggling case, criminals were captured by the Pakistani anti-narcotics force at the airport in 2013 while smuggling three Kilogram heroin from Pakistan to Saudi Arabia.
- ❖ Eight people, including two women, were shot dead and four others injured over a land dispute in 2012.

When family violence is considered, it would necessarily include partner abuse, i.e., abuse of a male-female partner, and child abuse as a child will also be the victim in the case. The definition of the family from these lines can be extracted as the heterosexual couples living together as the unit of analysis, focusing on the issue of domestic violence against women (O.K. Clare & J.H. Kramer, 1997). Utilization of analytical framework to ensure the extraction to formulate a causal explanation of the term family violence as organizational misconduct. The theories of "Merton," "Cloward," "Ohlin," "Pfeiffer," and "Salancik" are considered prominent, and baseline theories for a better and more convincing explanation of the misconduct by "formal and complex organizations," and similar patterns can be visibly

traced in family violence. (Zimmerman, 1991)

Infect is an amalgamation of the given sets of theories either is an extraction from Deviance, whereas the former is obtained "gender stratification" within a situated action framework. (Ali S., 2015)

To examine the origin of the rule of law, comprehensive scrutiny from the pages of the history of its evolution disclosing the stepwise rise and legislative measures every time. Different renowned philosophers of their age introduced other theories for the progressive accomplishment of the reformative errands, but flaws remained side by side. As far as the classical and neoclassical approaches are concerned, 100% rejections of the theories cannot be declared. Still, numerous lines can be traced out which are found the best fit in the present era, and the man of the modern epoch, together with the classical and neoclassical theories, is essentially the model on which the criminal justice system of the U.K., USA, Pakistan and many other countries in this world is based today (Anwar, 2004). Assumptions of these approaches are advocating that: -

- I. People exercise their free will.
- II. Every individual is searching for a satisfying luxurious life in a tension-free atmosphere.
- III. Man is a rational calculator weighing the costs and benefits of the consequences of every action.
- IV. Deterrence, whether special deterrence or general, is always implied as a legitimate purpose to award punishment to someone. Hence the purpose of punishment is only to deter.
- V. Both practical and just, punishments must be publically, prompt, and proportionate to the crime, as dictated by the relevant provisions of laws for the time being enforced.
- VI. Judges would not select the sentence. They could only impose penalties dictated by the legislatures for the specified crimes upon convention.

Similarly, what may test the Positivist approach in many cases, but the applications are not being observed at large. There may be rare cases that could not be traced out during the accomplishment of this research study in society (Tibasana, 2002). However, who could recommend no assumption for the rejection of the same? Scrutiny of the previous history under discussion criminals and some of the listed cases as part of this study, the application of Psychological Theory are considered best fit in the society of Pakistan. (Ali S., 2015)

3. Discussion

Efforts to establish a better, safe, secure and peaceful society have been made by humanity for a long time. Perhaps the phenomenon is as old as the history of the evolution of humankind on the earth, but crime and criminals have been associated with society since its establishment, and even intensive and hectic efforts sometimes remain useless. This study is also an edition of the growing literature by analyzing the implication of "how the crime rate in a society can be decreased to a minimum/negligible level for better Rehabilitation to make it utilized for the accomplishment of sustainable development goals. Sustainable development goals 2030 are not only for the society of Pakistan but are an internationally recognized target, and each member state of the United Nations is struggling through different means and legislations to comprehend the desired outcomes. (Adil)

This study will examine Macao's effective crime prevention strategies for the International

community by applying Western Theories and Crime Prevention typologies. As far as the society of Pakistan is concerned, domestically, the applications of Psychological Theory may be considered the best fit in the society of Pakistan for the progressive accomplishment of social/judicial errands, as evidenced by the four number criminal cases that will be discussed in this study. (Durante, 2020)

For the effective accomplishment of the social as well as organizational errands ineffective and peaceful manners to uphold the peace and security in the society, there should be such legislative implications that may be helpful to overcome and eradicate the crimes and criminals from the societies (Halstead, 1998). It is a problem not only present in the digitally advanced era but is as old as the birth of humankind. As discussed above, the struggles and theories of the intellectuals, philosophers, institutions, and legislation around the world, besides the establishment of crime reduction bodies on the international level, the dilemma is still an unresolved issue as the world is facing troubles in controlling and downsize the crimes from the societies of even advanced and developed countries (Prins, 2011).

The upcoming sentence would sufficiently highlight the importance and need of this study that an increasingly high ratio of crimes in society would be a significant hurdle to achieving the errands to accomplish sustainable development goals in 2030. The rapid increase in the ratio also depicts that some flaws need adjustment with sufficient and robust legislation (Abbas, 2011). The primary purpose of this study is to explore the exact and accurate criminological theory whose implication may be helpful to rehabilitate society by overcoming and eradicating crimes and criminals from societies (F, 2002). Then it can be examined whether the existing legislation is sufficient to cope with the issue in connection/association with the selected or sorted criminological theory or if any additional legislation is needed, and the decision/recommendation will be then analyzed from different angles with the context of six model nations (N. Aslam, Ahmed & A. Kamal, 2011). It will be considered part of this study on how the criminals will be identified and traced in society (F, 2002).

It can be summed up upon discussing society that society is the collection of individuals with different thoughts, behaviors, mental approaches, and social practices. An ideal society free from criminal practices could never be established at all. Such a society can only be seen in dreams, but in reality, only the impactation of 100% divine laws can build such an ideal society (al, 2017). The existence of crimes, criminals, and the commission of crimes in a society is generally considered necessary ingredients of the society of the modern era. 100% eradication of crimes cannot be made possible, but the ratio can be reduced to a minimum by operating the rule of law with a compatible criminal justice system. (Z. Batool, 2011)

Comparative criminological theories for socio-economic & socio-political scenarios in the context of the six model nations, there is no such theory that can be considered the best fit theory to accomplish the desired task regarding its applications which may help to trace and identify the criminals and the solutions are also not accurate and compatible. The applications could be made a mixture of the theories. Some parts of the classical and neoclassical theories and positivist approaches are correct, but the theories mentioned earlier are silent when observing their 100% applicability in society.

Anthropological Theories are also incompatibly applicable as their applications remained to fall short and inappropriate in the earlier discussed cases from Pakistani society as all the involved criminals in the above-listed cases are entirely different from the concepts of the

Anthropological and bio-criminological theories as being a crime is not a simple thing but a complex phenomenon with complex aetiology. The most popular trend is situational crime prevention among all the crime prevention approaches. The SCP, i.e., situational crime prevention out-grows the other forms of crime prevention, may be due to its immediacy and cannot be traced to other forms of social prevention. The underlying point is that a comprehensive crime prevention policy should look beyond this immediacy, embrace different disciplines, and share responsibilities. Precedents advocate that the approaches to developing a comprehensive crime prevention mechanism are evidence-based. Welsh and Farrington (2007) reported that “Thirteen systematic reviews of various crime prevention strategies in the United States and the United Kingdom are focusing on the four domains which are listed below: -

- a) At-risk children
- b) Offenders
- c) Victims and
- d) Places.

Representation of reviewers based on scientific knowledge is as under: -

- a. For children, child social skill training is a promising approach to crime prevention.
- b. The more intensive programs like therapeutics communities are more effective in reducing recidivism and drug utilization than those that are not so intensive.
- c. Restorative justice can effectively reduce offender recidivism and the retaliation of the victims against their relevant offenders.
- d. CCTV may be more effective and productive when combined with other interventions and focused on a specific crime type in society for better surveillance.

Another suggestion placed by the captioned philosophers is that there should be hotspot policing with cognitive-behavioural treatment for offenders and incarceration-based drug treatments for substance-abusing offenders as part of overall police and correctional policy. Some significant findings of the study, which are derived from the previous discussion made in light of the Criminal Theories in context with the above listed criminal cases from the society of Pakistan, possibly help to derivate the criminals and causes of criminals spreading in the society.

Mr Ibrar Qazi led his life in a fully luxurious environment where almost all the luxuries of life and modern facilities were available. Besides this, his employer paid a considerable salary as he was discharging his duties on the very key of a famous company in Pakistan. Studying the anthropology theory and body type theory in Mr Ibrar Qazi's case has resulted in the theories not being applied in the under-discussion case. The heredity Study also exonerates him from the case. The only reason that is traced out is that Mr Ibrar Qazi was a frustrated man and wanted a Thrill in his life. The psychological theory fits in the case of Mr Ibrar Qazi. (website, 2012)

The same situation is observed in the cases of the top ten most wanted Criminals by the Sargodha Police of Sargodha District. No single criminal out of ten has body type or anthropology according to the theories. There is also the psycho-case.

In the case of Mr Shoukat Ali and Fatima, when the heredity study was made, there found negligible fruitful results. However, in this case, atmosphere played its role most effectively in building them into criminals. In the case of Mr Shoukat Ali and Fatima of village Phularwan district Sargodha, they were searching for shortcut ways to be rich and honorable

persons in society. (website, 2012)

When the case history of the Bhalwal Murder case was expected the light of the back history of the case, it revealed that the case was of Land dispute and the Civil Trial was pending before the Civil Pakistani Court, but some other facts were disclosed after the family history study of the case. About twenty-two years ago, an incident occurred; deceased Riaz Warraich, son of Peer Buksh, contracted a love marriage with her relative Seema Bibi in the village of Naugrian district Gujranwala. On the commission of this court marriage, a long-term dispute of honor arose between the families, and the brothers and uncles of Seema Bibi tried many times to kill the couple contracted love marriage. However, over time, the matter was fantastic down, but the Paternal family of Seema Bibi could not demolish the inner desire for revenge. (website, 2012)

During this, a dispute over 60 Acres of Agricultural Land arose between the parties. The Civil Suit was pending before the Lahore High Court, Lahore; there happened an unpleasant incident on August 21, 2012, when eight family members were killed, and the remaining were got injured by the exploiter, Mr. Munawar Warraich, Son Of Inayat Warraich, resident of Tehsil Wazirabad district Gujranwala, who made murder attack/attempt by trespassing the house of deceased's. The dispute was on two types of issues, but the main factor of the Murders was the incident of Love marriage contracted between the parties 22 years ago. (website, 2012)

There found a heredity study to the extent of Seema Bibi who fell in love; otherwise, there was no such Murderer Criminal in the family. So the exact applications of Psychological Theory can be seen in the under-discussion case. "Effective strategies in one society may not be replicable and effective at all in another because the level and structure of criminality is subject to considerable local variations." (Herbert)

As far as the Anthropological Theories are concerned, no such symbol or appearance was traced between the Criminals. Body type theory also looks fail applicable in this case. The case speaks about the exactness of the psychological theory. The land dispute was also the main dispute, but it would not be considered that the opponent could cross the limit for the murder of 8 precious lives by the commission of the trespass Crime in a district other than their home/native district. Perhaps the costly property may be the reason, but the question arises: how the Criminals could take advantage of the costly land when they will be behind bars and waiting for hanging in eight murder cases. Here then, the matter may indeed be of honour. The psychological pressure inspires them to kill human beings. They preferred the murder of innocent persons over honour.

An enhanced appreciation for crime prevention is that the "strategies should cover the rich contexts and local settings", which can be applied effectively to rehabilitate societies.

"The barriers for doing high quality, evidence-based research are three-pronged: a lack of empirical information about the functioning of criminal justice institutions; a lack of articulation of policy options and policy objectives; and a lack of articulation of the inputs, outputs, and outcomes associated with interventions and of the raw material for estimating the costs and benefits associated with interventions."

Applications of psychological theories may be considered accurate and precise to a large extent. Declaring it as a fixed scale to reticulate the criminals in society is not considered favorable as the circumstances tend to alter the theory applications. Circumstantial shreds of evidence bring us closer to the applications of psychological theory. The study will

deliberately disclose the traditional temperament of numerous illegitimate commotion, in addition, to thrash out mechanisms on crimes in societies and the existence of criminals with the speak of applicability and authenticity of the classical and neoclassical approaches, positivist theories, sociological and psychological theories for the extraction of the best fit and most accurate theory for the modern society to trace and root-out the criminals for the better accomplishment of the society to rehabilitate it in true sense.

4. Conclusion

Outcomes of the comprehensive arrangement of the above discussion, regarding the implicative analysis of the criminological theories to cope with the matter regarding the eradication o crimes and criminals from the societies to ensure the provision of a smooth road for the better accomplishment of sustainable development goals 2030, are not compromising with the existing criminal justice system as being its vulnerability and incompatibility. There is a need for the immediate rectification of existing flaws in the criminal justice system for practical application of the best fit criminological theory to seek the desired outcomes as there is no single theory that has a full and final version for applicability to the cases to be faced in the society of Pakistan. No criminal may be considered weak and dull, but all criminals can be examined as extra-clever, active, conscious, powerfully emotional, brave, intelligent, and have solid nervous systems.

While selecting one of the best criminological theories for the best-fit applications and implications in society for bulldozing the crimes and criminals from society, no theory is 100% best fit for ideal outcomes. However, the desired results, the mixture of postulates from all the theories, can be applied randomly and situational base collectively. Collective application of frequent postulates, extracted from all the criminological and anthropological theories concerning geography and situation, can be helpful for desired results. The application of body-type theory is found unfit and wrong.

To summarise the study, the area of research is limited to the previously tabulated four cases from Pakistani society; it has been discussed that no ethical theory has full and final applicability to the cases. However, every theory has particular intact with the cases, and the criminals involved in the above cases are part of society. There is found a factor of Thrill that they were demanding in their lives. In the case of Mr Ibrar Qazi, he was an employee of a renowned company in Pakistan and was discharging his duties in the most essential and critical post where there were numerous opportunities for growth for him with the rapid increase in his remunerations and facilities awarded/paid to him by his employer.

On analyzing the atmosphere of his company, where he spends most of his day, was satisfactory and open there was no such factor found that may be the cause of his inspiration for the act of commission of performed criminal activity. His pare with the minor girl, and his murder is just speaking about the factor of Thrill. He was keen on Thrill in his life. Furthermore, when the appearance and family history of Mr Ibrar Qazi was analyzed and studied during the research, there found no such factor that may bring him to the concept of any of the theories from heredity, or bio-criminology. Also, there found null applications of body type theory and anthropology theory.

Similarly, in the case of Shoukat and Fatima, the Criminals were seeking a tremendous amount of money in a short time for the sake of richness and enjoyment of social life. Forfinaicaily up-gradation of their status in the society of Pakistan, they became hidden criminals. Both the criminals were the most intelligent planners, but due to some drawbacks

in their plans of transporting drugs from the airport, they were arrested by the Anti-Narcotics Force Islamabad at Benazir International Airport, Islamabad.

No criminal may be considered weak or dull, but all the criminals that remain part of the study during the compilation of this research are extra clever, conscious, intensely emotional, brave, and intelligent.

While selecting one of the criminological theories for the best-fit applications and implementations in society for bulldozing the crimes and criminals from society, no theory is a 100% best-fit application to identify and bulldoze the Crimes and Criminals from Society. A mixture of postulates from all the theories can be applied collectively.

The applications of body-type and anthropology theories are incorrect and not exact in society.

5. Future Implications

To attain the desired goals for effective improvement Following mentioned points may be the best part of the final policy for the Bulldoze of Crimes and Criminals from the society: -

The existing criminal justice system is incompatible with overcoming and eradicating crimes and criminals from societies. The existing criminal justice system has frequent flaws that need early adjustments.

As per Islamic thoughts, permanent root-out by killing criminals is not recommended, but the protection of human life should be implemented. Isolation and treatment of Criminals is a responsibility that should be fixed on the government.

There should be a proper system of checking that may create hurdles in the transportation of criminals and well in time identification of crime before the commission by the applications of modern scientific technologies should be made possible. "No one can be allowed to make an unlawful assembly.

The government should analyze the family-wise data of every citizen by the NADRA system to know the previous crime ratio in the person's inheritance so that genetic transferring can be overcome.

Local transportation should be scanned, and weapons should be banned from the general public.

Court proceedings should be made fast and free from external pressure and involvement.

There should be proper checks and balance on cell phones and practical activities by the local police through modern scientific technology. It will also cause to control cyberspace crimes.

The police authorities should reform the present traditional police culture.

Along with the School study at the expected level, there should be psychological reformation at the school and college levels.

Education should be promoted in rural and developing areas.

Sometimes a person is sent behind bars, and when released, he uses more effective and efficient Criminal techniques to commit a crime. There should be a psychological reformation system in the Jails.

Psychological reformation of criminals could be carried out in jails and general society.

Police should not promote and favors criminals by unfair means, but fair investigations may cause reduce the factor of crime.

The psychological theory has the best implementation in the general society so that the applicable postulates may be applied to social reformation.

Criminals should be kept in isolation, and such a system in jails must be a substantial hurdle in the development of contact between the criminals behind bars and the persons in society. So that network of criminals could be bonded.

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